

Transferred of Power on August 14, 1947.

According to the **3rd June Plan 1947**, August 14 & 15 was fixed for Transferred of the Power for the Pakistan & the India as well as the Lord Mountbatten with the counseling of others political parties AINC & AIML. Mr. M.A. Jinnah reached Karachi on August 7th, for the settlement and arrangements for the Transferred of the Powers. Mr. Lord Mountbatten reached at Karachi on August 13, 1947. On morning August 14th by 9.30AM; Mr. Jinnah & Mount Batten reached with glorious procession at Sind Provincial Assembly Hall the ceremony was held, Lord Mountbatten paid good wishes for Pakistan and read out the Royal Message from King of the England George V. Mr. Jinnah also delivered a short speech and paid thanks to the Lord Mountbatten & King of the England. In the speech Jinnah recalls the golden Principle of the Islam. Lord Mountbatten went to India on same day for Indian Celebration. On August 15, 1947 the Lord Mountbatten took oath as Governor General of the India and Jawaharlal Lal Nehru took oath as Prime Minister of the India. Eventually, the process of the Transfer of the Power was completed in both Independent States.



Sir Cyril Red Cliff

Chairman Boundary Commission Punjab & Bengal

Boundary Commission; June 30 to August 17, 1947

Members Punjab Boundary from Pakistan & India.

1. Mr. Justice Din Muhammad 1. Mr. Justice Maher Chand Mahajan

2. Mr. Justice Muhammad Munir 2. Mr. Justice Tehja Singh

According to the census of 1941, the Province of Punjab consists of total 28,418,819 peoples including 16,217,242 were Muslims and 99089 SQM. Punjab was consists of 5 Division, Ambala, Jullundur, Lahore, Multan, Rawalpindi and 29 Districts. Common Formula was practice for division majority of Muslim population area would join Pakistan.

Province Punjab;

Lahore Division; Muslims 58.18% Non-Muslims 21.84% Sikh

19.98%=100

1. **Lahore Muslims 60.12% Non-Muslims 21.05% Sikh 18.32%**
2. **Amritsar Muslims 46.52% Non-Muslims 17.35% Sikh 36.13%**
3. **Gurdas Pur Muslims 51.14% Non-Muslims 29.68% Sikh 19.18%**
4. **Sialkot Muslims 62.09% Non-Muslims 26.20% Sikh 11.17%**
5. **Gujranwala Muslims 70.50% Non-Muslims 18.68% Sikh 11.87%**
6. **Shekhupura Muslims 63.62% Non-Muslims 17.53% Sikh 18.85%**

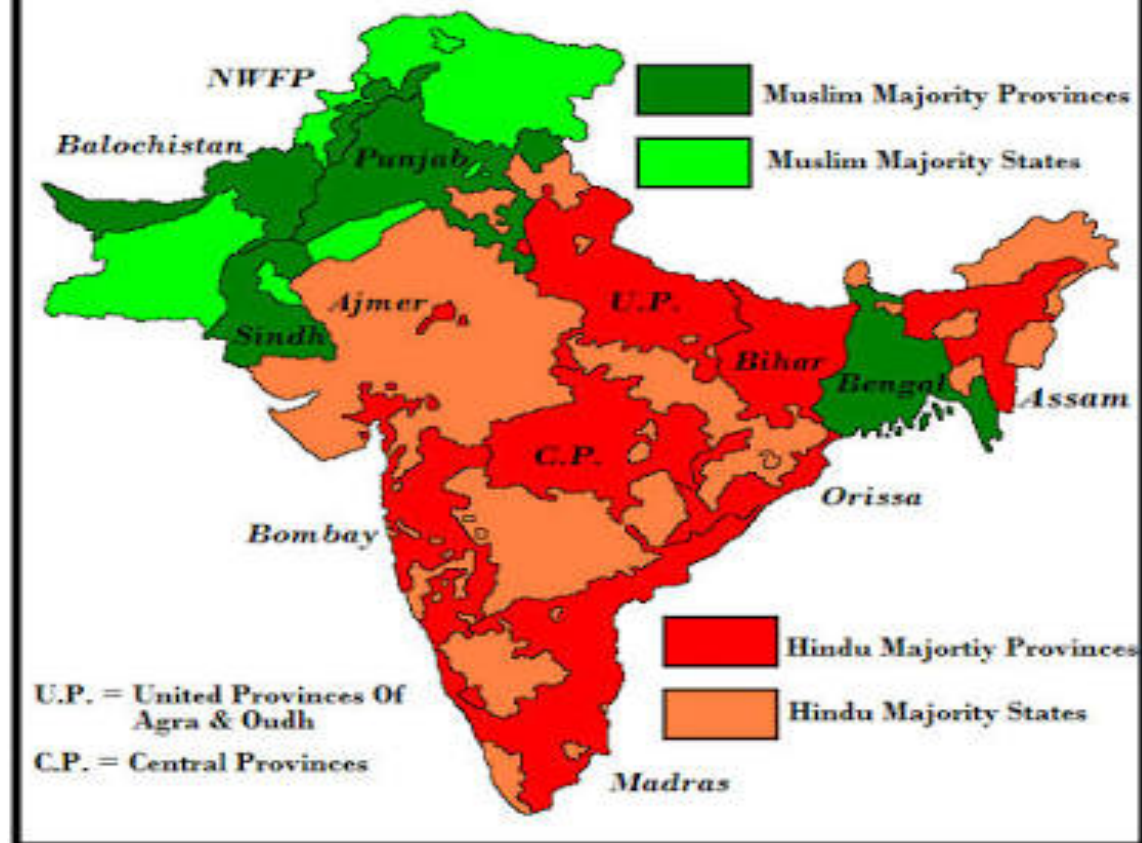
Jullundur Division; Muslims 34.53 Non Muslims 41.16 Sikh 24.31=100

1. **Jullundur Muslims 45.23% Non-Muslims 28.27% Sikh 26.50%**
2. **Hoshiyarpur Muslims 32.53% Non-Muslims 50.53% Sikh 16.93%**
3. **Ludhiana Muslims 36.95% Non-Muslims 21.38% Sikh 41.67%**
4. **Feroz Purr Muslims 45.07% Non-Muslims 21.24% Sikh 33.69%**

5. Kangra Muslims 04.81% Non-Muslims 94.66% Sikh00.53%

Sir Cyril reached India on July 08, 1947 and started official work for Punjab Boundary Commission at Lahore (Lahore High Court Building). He worked from July 21-31, 1947. Most of the time, Mr. Lord Batten spends with AINC leaders. The last session of Boundary Commission was held on August 07, 1947 at Services Club Simla and announces the report on August 17, 1947. Division was partial against the Pakistan. A number of contagious Muslims areas were chopped off from Pakistan Two Muslims majority Tehsils; Batala & Gurdaspur were given to India; Pathan Kot was also handover to India, it was major & single link between State Jammu & Kashmir India. Anjala, Ambala, Batala, Zeera, Makteer, Kapoor Thala, Nikoder, Fazlika, Phaloor, Jagroon, Nawansher, Firozpur, Thana Majath, were Muslims area but due to the dishonesty of Congress & British, they wants to give the tough time to Pakistan.

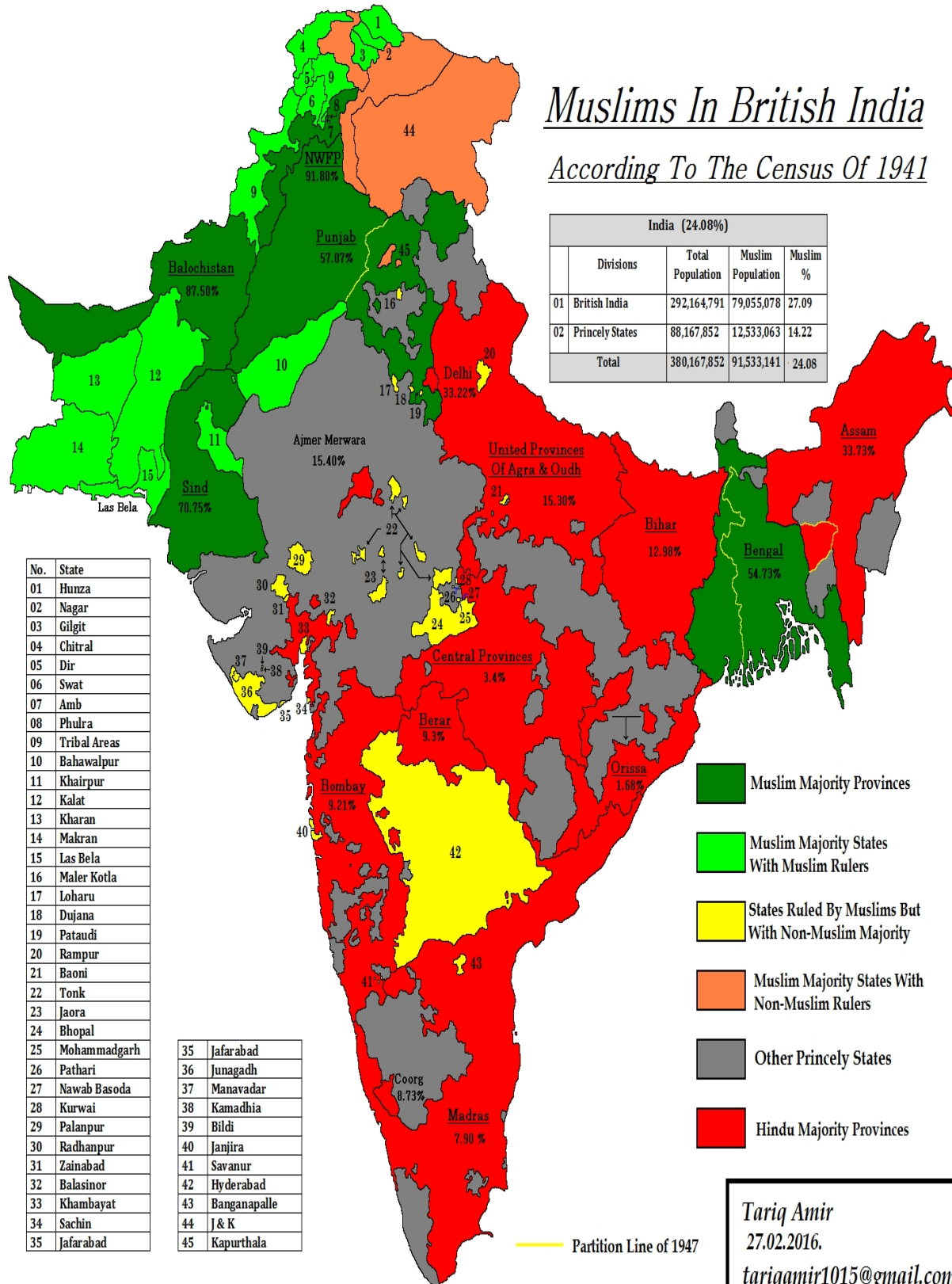
India Demographic: 1947



Muslims In British India

According To The Census Of 1941

India (24.08%)			
Divisions	Total Population	Muslim Population	Muslim %
01 British India	292,164,791	79,053,078	27.09
02 Princely States	88,167,852	12,533,063	14.22
Total	380,167,852	91,533,141	24.08



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Chairman Boundary Commission; Sir Cyril Red Cliff

Members Bengal Boundary from Pakistan & India

1. Mr. Justice Abu Selah M. Ikram 1. Mr. Justice C. C. Biswas.
2. Mr. Justice S. A. Rahman 2. Mr. Justice B. K. Mukker Jee.

Bengal Province;

Same practice was repeated with Province of Bengal so many cities were handover to

India like vise Murshadabad, Nadia, Malda, Duniapur, Khulna and Capital of Bengal Calcutta were given to India.

1. Murshadabad: Population 1640530. 56.55% Muslims.
2. Nadia: Population 1759856. 61.26% Muslims.
3. Malda: Population 1232618. 56.78% Muslims.
4. Duniapur: Population 1926533. 50.20% Muslims.
5. Calcutta: Capital of Bengal was given to India.

Importance of Calcutta:

1. Industrial Zone
2. Commerce & Trade
3. Communication
4. Education
5. Sea port
6. Political Hub

Sardar Petal himself admitted on January 05, 1950;

We were agreed on portioned only for one condition; we do not want to lose Calcutta.

“If Calcutta is gone then India is gone.”

